

RAN-2205000507050001**B.Com. LL.B. (Hons.) (Sem. - VII) Examination November - 2025****Law of Equity and Trust****Time: 3 Hours]****[Total Marks: 70****સૂચના : / Instructions**

- (1) ઉપરોક્ત દર્શાવેલ વિગતો ઉત્તરવહી પર અવશ્ય લખવી.
Fill up strictly the above details on your answer book.
- (2) Do not change the question number.
- (3) Cite case-laws wherever required in your answer.
- (4) Numbers to the right indicates marks.

Seat No.:

Student's Signature

Q. 1. What is meant by Equity? Discuss its nature and importance. (12)**OR****Q. 1. Discuss the fusion of Common Law and Equity courts under the Judicature Acts of 1873-75. (12)****Q. 2. Explain any Two: (12)**

- A. Equity will not suffer a wrong to be without a remedy
- B. Where there is equal equity, the law shall prevail
- C. Equity imputes an intention to fulfil an obligation
- D. He who seeks Equity must do equity

Q. 3. What is trust? Explain the difference between trust and other legal relations. (12)**OR****Q. 3. Define trust under Indian Trust Act, 1882. Who may create trust? Discuss subject matter of Trust. (12)****Q. 4. Discuss rights and liabilities of beneficiary under the Indian Trust Act, 1882. (12)****OR****Q. 4. Explain under the Indian Trust Act: (12)**

- a) Powers of a Trustee
- b) Liability of trustee for the breach of trust committed by co-trustee

Q. 5. Discuss the qualification and liabilities of Charity Commissioner for the proper administration of trust under the Bombay Public Trust Act, 1950. (12)**OR****Q. 5. Discuss the specific provision of Bombay Public Trust Act for religious and charitable trust vested in the State Government. (12)**

Q. 6. Write Short Notes (Any TWO):

(10)

- a) Fiduciary Relations under Bombay Public Trust Act
 - b) Completely constituted and incompletely constituted Trust
 - c) Charitable Purpose
 - d) Powers and duties of a trustee of a Public Trust
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